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U. S. Department of Agriculture.

HARDY PERENNIAL FLOWERING PLANTS

ANNUAL FLOWERING PLANTS

VEGETABLE PLANTS



PROSPECTIVE CUSTOMERS ARE INVITED
TO VISIT OUR GARDENS

PERKINS BROTHERS

POSTOFFICE ADDRESS:

NORTH ST. PAUL, MINNESOTA

GARDENS:—ST. PAUL—STILLWATER ROAD (HIGHWAY 45)

RAMSEY COUNTY, MINNESOTA

THANK YOU

We wish to thank all our customers and friends for their patronage and kindness in letting their friends and neighbors know about our plants and better service. During the past year we have added about 25 varieties of perennials to our stock. To help our customers in selecting their annual plants we are giving a brief description of each kind. Please note that we will be able to supply many of the better varieties of annuals in separate colors, thus making it possible for our patrons to work out color schemes in their gardens.

NURSERY INSPECTION

Our nursery is regularly inspected by an authorized inspector from the Minnesota State Department of Agriculture. Our Certificate of Inspection is on file at our nursery and may be seen by any one. These certificates are a protection to our customers. All plants apparently affected with injurious insects or diseases must be destroyed before the certificate is given.

It is our desire to sell only well grown, healthy plants which are sure to grow even under unfavorable conditions. There are a number of reasons why plants do not always grow when transplanted, for example, lack of firming the soil around the roots; too little moisture in the soil at time of planting, or soon after, before the roots have become established; exposure of roots to sun or wind; improper care of plants after being received; poor soil or poorly prepared soil; planting too deep or too shallow; some plants are not transplanted very successfully.

We endeavor to purchase all our seeds and stocks from reliable sources, and are making every effort to keep our plants true to name, but on account of the many conditions due to natural causes, which are beyond our control, it is impossible to guarantee that every plant (especially when grown from seed) will be true to color or type.

GUARANTEE

We guarantee that all plants sold by us will reach you in good condition. Should we make a mistake in filling your order we will be glad to make a satisfactory adjustment. Please call our attention to mistakes within five days. Except as above stated we do not in any way guarantee the hardiness or growth of any plant and cannot be responsible for the crop or for a greater sum than the original cost.

SHIPMENT

Small orders can be sent by parcel post, but we recommend shipment by express. When sent by express we can leave more dirt on the roots at time of packing, and this is important.

Our prices do not include postage or express charges. If plants are wanted by parcel post add 10 cents for the first plant and 5 cents for each additional plant.

Common Names of the Hardy Flowering Plants Listed in this Catalog, followed by the number under which they will be found.

Alaska Daisy 6575	Coreopsis 6630	Iceland Poppy 7430	Ragged Robin 7327
Anchusa 6121	Cornflower 6430	Larkspur 6650	Red Hot Poker 7921
Asters 6240	Crimson Eye 7121	Lily of Valley 6620	Rock Cress 6180
Baby's Breath 7030	Dusty Miller 7328	Lupine 7310	Rose Mallow 7120
Balloon Flower 7560	Euphorbia 6930	Mallow 7120	Rosy Milfoil 6011
Basket of Gold 6100	False Chamomile 6311	Maltese Cross 7321	Salvia 7681
Bearded Tongue 7470	False Indigo 6280	Meadow Rue 7880	Scabiosa 7721
Bedding Pansies 7990	Flax 7280	Meadow Sage 7681	Sea Holly 6910
Blanket Flower 6960	Fox Glove 6824	Monkshood 6020	Sea Lavender 7831
Bleeding Heart 6801	French Honeysuckle 7036	Mullein Pink 7328	Shasta Daisy 6575
Blue Bonnet 7721	Gaillardia 6960	Moonpenny Daisy 6590	Sneeze Weed 7041
Candy Tuft 7190	Giant Daisy 7647	Oriental Poppy 7441	Snow-in-Summer 6460
Cantebury Bells 6340	Golden Glow 7675	Painted Daisy 7640	Speedwell 7960
Cup & Saucer C. Bells 6350	Hardy Marguerite 6140	Peach Be's 6360	Sweet William 6750
Carnation 6370	Hare Bell 6345	Pearl 6012	Turtle Head 6470
Chimney Bell Flower 6355	Hollyhocks 7130	Pinks 6700	White Daisy 6590
Chinese Lantern 7540	Honeysuckle 6160	Plumy Bleeding Heart 6802	Yellow Cone Flower 7671
Columbine 6160	Hybrid Sweet William 6725	Purple Cone Flower 7670	
Coral Bells 7110			

TERMS

Cash should accompany all orders. Remittances may be made by Postoffice or Express Money Orders. If personal check is sent please allow for exchange charges. All orders received subject to shortages and conditions beyond our control.

PRICES

All prices are net. Our prices are low for the high quality plants we sell. In nearly all cases the plants have been transplanted. We reserve the right to charge extra for field selection of plants by the customer. All prices in this catalog subject to change without notice.

HARDY (PERENNIAL) PLANTS

The demand for Hardy Plants is increasing. Many people desire to avoid planting and selecting new plants each year, but we should not be misled by the idea that Hardy Plants do not need any care after being once planted. No plant will do its best when neglected. There are Hardy Plants suited for nearly every situation; in the border, in beds, amongst shrubbery, and in odd corners. Very few Hardy Plants bloom the entire season, and it is often desirable to plant some annuals with them to insure a greater supply of bloom.

It is generally best to put from three to six or more plants of each variety in a group rather than to plant singly, as this will give a more effective display. The use of white flowered varieties helps to prevent the clashing of colors.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

For the best results perennials should be planted in good garden soil, with plenty of fertility and moisture. Thorough preparation of the soil is essential and very important. Perennials generally stay in the same place for several years and if the soil is carelessly prepared before planting it is impossible to overcome the bad effects unless the entire garden is made over. Keep the ground cultivated to conserve the moisture and keep the weeds down.

An ample supply of moisture and plant food produces a superior quality of flowers.

Hardy Plants may be transplanted at any time during the growing season. If you prefer to plant in the spring do it just as early as possible so that the plants will be well established before they start to bloom. A great many people prefer to plant in the fall after the blooming period is over. Good results may be obtained by either method. It is not advisable to move a plant when it is in bloom.

We have found that when the dead blossoms are cut off and not allowed to produce seed, the blooming period is longer, and the plants make a better growth.

Winter Protection: In some locations it is not absolutely necessary to give perennials any winter protection, but most growers feel that all should be given at least a little protection, such as a covering of loose marsh hay, straw or leaves. Do not pack the covering down. The object of the covering is to prevent alternate thawing and freezing in the spring.

WE PREFER TO SHIP PLANTS BY EXPRESS SO THAT SOIL MAY BE LEFT ON ROOTS.

HARDY PERENNIAL PLANTS

ABBREVIATIONS USED IN THE DESCRIPTIONS

B—After the name of a plant indicates that the plant is a biennial, that is, as a rule the plant does not blossom until the second year of its growth, blooming only the one season and then dying. Occasionally, however, if seed is not allowed to mature, the plant will live for several seasons.

P—Indicates a perennial or Hardy Plant, that is, a plant which under favorable conditions will grow and bloom for several years.

*Before a Number—The flowers can be cut and used in bouquets.

Name of months or season indicates time of blossoming.

ACHILLEA (The Pearl)

*6012 PTARMICA—P.; 2 ft.; all summer. An easily grown plant, bearing many small double white flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

*6011 MILLEFOLIUM ROSEUM—Rosy Milfoil, P.; 18 inches; all summer; a very hardy plant bearing dense heads of small pink flowers. The flowers will keep their color best if grown in partial shade. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

ACONITUM (Monkshood)

6020 FISCHERI—P.; 4-6 ft.; Sept.; a good plant for the border bearing blue flowers. The plant prefers a rich soil. It will grow in sun but the flowers will last longer in the shade. It needs some winter protection. As Aconites contains poisonous substances they should be kept away from children. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

AGROSTEMMA (Mullein Pink)

*6070 CORONARIA (Dusty Miller)—B.; 1-2 ft.; June-September; bright colored long stemmed flowers similar to Pinks. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

ALYSSUM (Basket of Gold)

*6100 SAXATILE COMPACTUM—P.; 1 ft.; early spring a border plant producing masses of bright yellow flowers, foliage a gray-green. Seed pods may be dried and used in winter bouquets. Each 20 cents, 2 for 35 cents.

*6101 ARGENTUM (Mad Wort)—Dwarf, dense grower, yellow flowers; all summer. Each 35 cents.

ANCHUSA

*6121 ITALICA—Dropmore Variety, P.; 3-5 ft.; June-Sept. A plant with grayish rough shining foliage, and producing many beautiful gentian blue flowers. Succeds best in partial shade. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

ANTHEMIS (Hardy Marguerite)

*6140 KELWAYI—P.; 2 ft.; all summer; yellow daisy-like flowers. 2 year old plants. Each 30 cents; 2 for 50 cents.

AQUILEGIA (Columbine)

*Columbine (often called Honeysuckle); P.; 2-3 ft.; May-July; a very popular hardy perennial producing an abundance of graceful flowers on long stems. Can be used in rock gardens.

6160 MIXED VARIETIES.

6161 COERULEA (Rocky Mountain Columbine)—Blue.

6162 CHRYSANTHA—Flowers golden yellow.

6163 LONG SPURRED PINK HYBRIDS.

6164 MRS. SCOTT ELLIOTT'S STRAIN.

6166 CHRYSANTHA GRANDIFLORA ALBA; white.

Any AQUILEGIA, LARGE PLANTS, EACH 50 CENTS AND UP.

ARABIS (Rock Cress)

6180 ALPINA (Rock Cress)—P.; 6-8 inches; early spring; a pretty plant having gray foliage and producing a mass of small white flowers. Suitable for edgings and rockeries. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents; large plants 30 cents and up.

BAPTISIA (False Indigo)

6280 AUSTRALIS—P.; 2-4 ft.; June; racemes of pea shaped indigo blue flowers; deeply cut foliage. Thrives in any soil, and prefers free exposure to the sun. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

BOLTONIA (False Chamomile)

*6312 LATUSQUAMA—P.; 5 ft.; July-Oct.; tall leafy plants bearing large clusters of pink daisy-like flowers. They prefer a rich soil and are of the easiest culture. Each 25 cents; 2 for 45 cents.

CAMPANULA

*MEDIUM—Canterbury Bells; B.; 12-18 inches; June-July; bell-shaped flowers arranged along a stem. They are suitable for mass effects and will last longer if planted in a half shady place. They transplant easily. They will last well as cut flowers and are excellent for filling vases.



BOLTONIA

6340 MIXED VARIETIES. 6342 SINGLE WHITE.
6341 SINGLE BLUE. 6343 SINGLE ROSE.

6350 CALYCANTHEMA—Cup and Saucer form of Canterbury Bells, mixed colors.

ALL CANTERBURY BELLS, EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS

*6345 CARPATICA—Harebell; P. 9 inches; July to October; dwarf; compact tufts; flowers clear blue; a good plant for rockeries. Each 25 cents; 2 for 45 cents.

*6346 ALBA—A white form of Harebell. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6355 PYRAMIDALIS—Chimney Bellflower; P.; 5-6 ft.; flowers blue. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

*6360 PERSICIFOLIA—Peach Bells; P.; 2-3 ft.; one of the best perennial Campanulas, mixed colors. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

CARNATION

*6370 GRENADIN—P.; all summer; strong fragrance; quite hardy with ordinary protection; mixed colors. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

CENTAUREA (Corn Flower)

*PERENNIAL CORN FLOWER—P.; 2 ft.; June to September; of easy culture, preferring an open, sunny position. Thistle-like flowers.

6430 MONTANA BLUE.

6431 MONTANA WHITE.

EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS.

CERASTIUM (Snow in Summer)

6460 TOMENTOSUM—P.; 4 inches; early summer. A low growing plant with silvery foliage and white flowers. Suitable for rockeries; for carpeting dry, sunny places and for covering graves. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

CHELONE (Turtle Head)

*6470 HYBRIDA (Pentstemon Torreyi)—P.; 3 ft.; July-August. Long spikes of coral pink colored flowers. Half shaded places are preferred and very dry ground should be avoided. It is often advisable to give a heavy mulch of 4 or 5 inches during the growing season. The surface roots feed in the mulch. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.



SHASTA DAISY

CHRYSANTHEMUM (Daisy)

*6575 SHASTA DAISY (Alaska)—P.; 2 ft.; all summer; beautiful large white daisy-like flowers with yellow centers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents. Large plants 30 cents and up.

*6590 WHITE DAISY (Moonpenny Daisy)—P.; 2-3 ft.; all summer; a form similar to the above but smaller. Produces very many long stemmed flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

SPECIAL

6591 HARTJE and ELDER DAISY
—A white Daisy that comes into bloom about Decoration Day. Each 35 cents; 2 for 65 cents.

CONVALLARIA

*6620 LILY OF THE VALLEY—Pips, Dozen 40 cents.

COREOPSIS

*6630 LANCEOLATA GRANDIFLORA—Coreopsis; P.; 2-3 ft. all summer; large bright yellow flowers on long stems. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

*6631 DOUBLE FORM OF ABOVE—Grown from divisions. Each 40 cents.



SINGLE COREOPSIS

DELPHINIUMS (Larkspur)

*HARDY LARKSPUR—P.; 1-3 ft.; June to frost. A very popular flower which should be in every garden. While it prefers a deep, rich sandy loam it will thrive in any good garden soil. Excellent for cut flowers.

6650 MIXED VARIETIES.

6660 BELLADONNA—Turquoise blue.

6661 BELLAMOSUM—Deep blue.

6662 GOLD MEDAL HYBRIDS—Various shades of blue. An excellent strain.

6663 CHINENSE—A dwarf species with fine feathery foliage and gentian blue flowers.

6665 BLUE BUTTERFLY—Similar to Chinense.

6666 LAVENDER BUTTERFLY—Lavender flowers.

6667 WHITE BUTTERFLY—White flowers.

6671 FORMOSUM—Blue with white eye.

PRICES OF DELPHINIUMS, ANY VARIETY, EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS; LARGE PLANTS 35 CENTS EACH.

6670 SUMMER CLOUD—SELECTED—(White Hybrid Delphinium). We were fortunate in being able to obtain a limited supply of 2-year-old plants of this fine Larkspur direct from the originators. Flowers large. Each 65 cents; 2 for \$1.25.

DIANTHUS (Pinks)

*6701 PLUMARIUS SEMPERFLORENS—An ever-blooming Hardy Garden Pink.; 1 ft.; all summer; Pinks are of the easiest culture, preferring a warm soil. They are universal favorites and make excellent border plants. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.



SWEET WILLIAM



DELPHINIUMS

6702 PLUMARIUS—Mrs. Sinkins; white flowers. All do not come true. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6704 PLUMARIUS CYCLOPS—Clove pink, mixed colors. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6705 PLUMARIUS CAESIUS—Cliff Pink; flowers delicate rose color. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6706 PLUMARIUS DOUBLE WHITE—From cuttings. Each 25 cents.

6707 PLUMARIUS DOUBLE LIGHT PINK—From cuttings. Each 25 cents.

*6725 DIANTHUS LATIFOLIUS ATROCINEUS—A hybrid Sweet William; P.; 1 ft.; all summer until frost; beautiful deep crimson outdoor flower similar to Double Pinks; suitable for borders or solid beds. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6726 DIANTHUS LATIFOLIUS—Similar to above except in color of flowers. Prices the same.

6730 DIANTHUS DENTOSUS HYBRIDUS—A red Siberian variety blooming in July. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

6731 DIANTHUS DELTOIDES—Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

DIANTHUS BARBATUS
(SWEET WILLIAM)

*SWEET WILLIAM—B.; 18-24 inches; June to July; often blooming longer if not allowed to mature seed.

6750 MIXED VARIETIES.

6751 SCARLET BEAUTY.

6752 PINK BEAUTY.

6754 VELVET BLACK MAROON.

6755 ATRO SANGUINEUS—Blood Red.

6775 DOUBLE WHITE.

6776 DOUBLE ROSE.

6777 DOUBLE BLOOD RED.

PRICES ON ANY OF ABOVE; EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS; 6 FOR \$1.

DICENTRA (Bleeding Heart)

*6801 SPECTABILIS—P.; 1-2 ft.; spring; attractive hardy perennial plants with much cut foliage and long racemes of graceful pink heart-shaped flowers. Easily cultivated; desires part shade. Each, 50 cents and 75 cents.

6802 EXIMAE—Plumy Bleeding Heart; 15 inches; April to August; foliage finely cut. Each 25 cents.

DIGITALIS (Fox Glove)

6824 GLOXENIAEFOLIA—B.; 2-4 ft.; a popular old fashioned flower. Flowers in spikes; mixed colors. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

ERYNGIUM (Sea Holly)

6910 AMETHYSTINUM—1½-3 ft.; July to Sept. Finely cut foliage with bluish-green shoots terminating with amethyst blue flowers. May be dried and used for winter bouquets. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents; large plants 30 cents.

EUPHORBIA

6930 POLYCHROMA—1 ft.; April-May. The floral leaves are different shades of yellow at flowering time. The plant is compact and one of the best herbaceous perennials. Each 35 cents.



GAILLARDIA

GAILLARDIA (Blanket Flower)

*6960 GRANDIFLORA—P.; 2 ft.; all summer; a plant of easy culture, producing many long stemmed flowers in various combinations of red and yellow. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

5961 STANDHOLDER—Large flowers with stiff stems. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

GYPSOPHILA (Baby's Breath)

*7030 PANICULATA—Single; P.; 2 ft.; all summer; a very popular flowering plant, producing masses of small white flowers. Flowers may be cut and dried for winter bouquets. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

HELENIUM (Sneeze Weed)

7041 HOOPESII—P.; 1-3 ft.; May-Sept. A rather coarse border plant bearing yellow flowers. They thrive best in a rich, moist soil, with plenty of sunlight. Two year old plants 30 cents each.

HEUCHERA (Coral Bells)

*7110 SANGUINEA—P.; 1½ ft.; July-Aug. Crimson scarlet flowers. Prefers an open situation. Suitable for rockeries. Each 35 cents; 2 for 65 cents.

HIBISCUS (Rose Mallow)

ROSE MALLOW—P.; 3-4 ft.; Aug.-Sept.; do best in a moist soil. Have Hollyhock-like flowers. Very often the lower part of the root decays during the spring, but the plant will grow if the crown is sound. Starts growth very late.

7120 MIXED VARIETIES.

7121 CRIMSON EYE—Flowers white-or pink with dark centers.

7123 MOSCHEUTOS—Pink flowers.

7124 NEW GIANT FLOWERING—Mixed colors.

PRICES: EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS; 2 YEAR OLD PLANTS, EACH 30 CENTS; 2 FOR 50 CENTS.

HOLLYHOCKS

Hollyhocks—B.; 4-6 ft.; August-September; no garden is complete without Hollyhocks.

7130 Single Varieties, mixed.

7131 Single Red.

7133 Single Yellow.

7134 Single Pink.

7135 Single Rose.

7136 Single Salmon.

7140 Allegheny, a fine selection.

7150 Double Varieties, mixed.

7151 Double Maroon.

7153 Double Newport Pink.

7154 Double Blood Red.

7155 Double White.

7156 Double Yellow.

7157 Double Rose.

7158 Double Salmon.

7165 Hybrids, double and single.

PRICES OF HOLLYHOCKS: EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS.



HOLLYHOCKS

IBERIS (Perennial Candytuft)

7190 GIBRATARICA—P.; 6-10 inches. An evergreen plant, covered with pinkish-white flowers in spring and early summer. Suitable for rockeries and edges. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

LINUM (Flax)

7280 PERRENE—P.; 2 ft.; May-Aug. Similar to annual flax. Flowers blue. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

LUPINUS (Lupine)

POLYPHILLUS—P.; 3 ft.; all summer; flowers in spikes, foliage deeply cut and attractive.

7310 MIXED COLORS.

7312 ROSE.

7313 WHITE.

7315 ATROCOERULEUS—Blue.

7316 GOLDEN SPIRE.

7317 NEW HYBRIDS.

EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS.

LYCHNIS (Maltese Cross—Ragged Robin)

7321 CHALCEDONICA—P.; 2 ft.; June-July. One of the best of old fashioned flowers. Flowers brick red, appearing in clusters.

7322 CHALCEDONICA ALBA—A white flowered form of the above.

7325 HAAGEANA—Scarlet, dwarf, very fine.

7326 ARKWRIGHTII—A cross between Chalcedonica and Haageana, dwarf.

7327 FLOS CUCULI (Ragged Robin)—Rose pink flowers.

ANY OF ABOVE: EACH 25 CENTS; 2 FOR 50 CENTS.

MYOSOTIS (Forget-Me-Nots)

7380 FORGET-ME-NOTS—P.; 6-10 inches; all summer. Flowers light blue. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

PAPAYER (Poppy)

*7430 NUDICAULE (Iceland Poppy)—P.; 2 ft.; all summer; flowers white, yellow and orange, many being double. Will last a long time as cut flowers. Mixed. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

*ORIENTALE (Oriental Poppy)—P.; 3 ft.; June-July. They produce magnificent effects in herbaceous borders and in shrubbery.

*7441 ORIENTAL RED.

EACH 20 CENTS; 2 FOR 35 CENTS;
LARGE PLANTS 35 CENTS EACH.

PENTSTEMON (Bearded Tongue)

*7470 PUBESCENS—P.; 1 ft.; June-July. A very satisfactory plant for the hardy border. Wants plenty of sunlight. Flowers a rosy purple. Each 25 cents.

— BARBATUS TORREYI—See Number 6470 Chelone.

PHYSALIS (Chinese Lanern)

7540 FRANCHETTI—P.; 1-2 ft. A plant grown for its bright colored seed pods, which resemble Chinese lanterns. Used for winter decorations. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.



PYRETHRUM ROSEUM

PLATYCODON (Balloon Flower)

*7560 SPP.—P.; 1-2 ft.; June-Sept. Blue bell-shaped flowers. Should be planted on well drained soil. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

PYRETHRUM (Daisy)

*7640 ROSEUM HYBRIDUM—Painted Daisy; P.; 2 ft.; May-June. A valuable plant, producing long stemmed flowers in various shades of pink and red. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents. Large plants 30 cents and up.

7647 ULIGINOSUM (Giant Daisy)—P.; 3 ft. fall; large, daisy-like white flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents. Large plants 35 cents.

7648 ATRO-SANGUINEUM — Flowers supposed to be blood red. Each 25 cents.

7649 PYRETHRUM AUREUM (Golden Feather) —Tender perennial grown for its yellow foliage. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

RUDBECKIA (Purple Cone Flower)

*7670 PURPUREA GRANDIFLORA—P.; 3 ft.; September-October. A plant suitable for growing among shrubs. The crimson-purple flowers with drooping petals and large dark cone-like centers are similar to the smaller varieties of sunflowers. The center cones may be dried and used for decorating. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

7671 FULGIA—18 inches; similar to above, flowers yellow. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

*7675 GOLDEN GLOW—P.; 6 ft.; August. Large yellow double flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

CHINESE LANTERNS MAY BE GROWN ON VERY POOR SOIL

SALVIA (Meadow Sage)

- 7681 AZUREA GRANDIFLORA—P.; 4 ft.; September-October; bears a great profusion of sky blue flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.
- 7682 DARK BLUE—Later than the former Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

SCABIOSA (Blue Bonnet)

- *7721 CAUCASICA—P.; 18 inches; June-Oct. light blue flowers on long stems. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

STATICE (Sea Lavender)

- *7831 LATIFOLIA—P.; large spreading panicles of deep blue flowers similar to Baby's Breath. May be dried and used in winter bouquets. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents; large plants 35 cents each.

THALICTRUM (Meadow Rue)

- 7881 ADIANTIFOLIUM—P.; 1-3 ft.; May. Has finely cut foliage, similar to Maiden-Hair Fern and plumes of small whitish flowers. Large plants 50 cents each.
- 7882 AQUILEGIFOLIUM—P.; 4 ft.; August-July; leaves similar to Aquilegia. Plumes of lavender flowers. Large plants 50 cents.

VERONICA (Speedwell)

- 7960 SPICATA—P.; 2 ft.; July-August. A pretty herbaceous plant with blue flowers. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

VIOLA (Hardy Pansy)

- *VIOLA CORNUTA—Bedding Pansies—P.; 6 inches; spring until destroyed by heavy frost in the fall.
- 7990 MIXED COLORS. Each 10 cents; 6 for 50 cents.

RIBBON GRASS

Leaves green and white striped. Useful for borders, edgings. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents; large clumps each 50 cents.

HARDY PHLOX

No garden or border of perennial plants is complete without Phlox. Plant several plants in each group so as to obtain a mass of color. Phlox prefer a rich soil and a good supply of moisture. Root divisions, except where noted. Each 20 cents; 6 for \$1.00.

MISS LINGARD—Best early white, sometimes blooming until late in the fall.

MRS. JENKINS—Late; clear white.

WIJERS—White with red eye.

R. P. STRUTHERS—Carmine.

LOTHAIR—Lavender. Each 15 cents.

SIEBOLD—Orange scarlet.

DWARF PHLOX

PHLOX SUBULATA—A low growing Phlox with small flowers, blooming very early in the spring. Very desirable for rockeries. Pink or white. Each 20 cents; 2 for 35 cents.

PEONIES

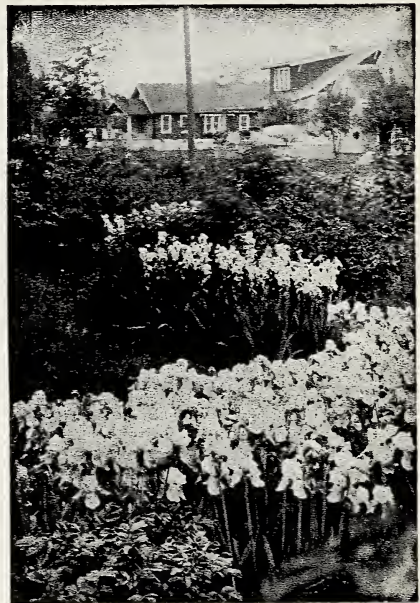
Large plants ready to bloom. Each \$1.00.

ANDRE LAURIE—Red.
FLORAL TREASURE—Pink.
FESTIVA MAXIMA—White

IRIS

BLUE—Large divisions, each 25 cents. Large plants 75 cents each.

MIXED VARIETIES—Each 20 cents, 2 for 35



Showing Iris in the Border

MISCELLANEOUS

We have a few plants of each of the following varieties and will be glad to fill orders as long as the supply lasts.

ACANTHUS LATIFOLIUS.
ASTERS, Perennial.
DELPHINIUM, Red.
CHEIRANTHUS ALLIONI.
CENTAUREA, Red and yellow.
HEDYSARUM CORONARIA.
LIATRIS.
LEMON LILY.
SAPONARIA OCYMOIDES.
SALVIA ARGENTIA.
SEDUM.
SILINE ORIENTALIS.
YUCCA FILAMENTOSUM.

IN WRITING YOUR ORDER PLEASE USE BOTH NUMBER AND NAME



A FOUNDATION PLANTING OF HARDY FERNS

HARDY FERNS

Hardy Outdoor Ferns grow best in the shade or half shade and will do well in the border. They are just the thing for that shady place around your house where most flowers will not do well.

Of all the Hardy Ferns the Ostrich Plume, also called the Palm of the North, is perhaps the best as it grows the tallest and fastest of any Fern. It often has as many as fifteen fronds gracefully arranged, presenting an object more beautiful than many varieties of palms. The fronds under favorable conditions attain a length up to four feet.

Lady Fern is an extremely variable one, growing in all sorts of situations from low, moist woodlands, and shaded stream banks to dry woods and bushy clearings, but to develop its best forms it wants

partial shade and a reasonable amount of moisture in the spring. The Lady Fern is a distinct, different type from the Ostrich and Osmunda.

The Interrupted Fern, known also as Claytons or Flowering Fern is considered one of the finest species for outdoor cultivation. It is highly individual in form and bearing and is superbly graceful. This variety will also do well in open places and on rocky banks.

These three Ferns represent three distinct types, not easily killed by neglect or mistreatment. Planted in groups among shrubbery, each variety separate, they come perhaps nearer to imitate their natural haunts than by artful arrangement in a formal garden.

CULTURAL DIRECTIONS

These Hardy Outdoor Ferns do not make satisfactory house plants; they will do best in shade or half shady spots in the garden and mixed in between shrubs in foundation plantings on the east and north sides of buildings. Some of these, like the Osmunda, Claytoniana, Lady and Sensitive Fern and Ostrich Fern will do reasonably well in considerable direct sunlight but will fade earlier than when planted in shade or half shade. They do best in light soil containing much vegetable matter or humus and covered with rotting wood shavings, peat or straw, which keep them from sprouting too early in the spring, preventing a late night frost from killing the young fronds.

Do not apply fresh manure nor artificial or commercial fertilizer.

Hardy Ferns should be planted when dormant any time between Sept. 1st and July 1st. They prefer a settled foundation and cool feet, consequently they do better the first year when planted in the fall. If late spring planting is followed by a dry, hot summer the fronds are likely to dry up in the middle of the summer the first season unless artificial watering can be given in abundance.

These roots are strong, well established, not less than 5 year old plants, with a lot of vitality stored up in their roots which will keep them alive for a

long time under adverse conditions. This refers especially to the Ostrich, the Osmundas, and Lady Ferns.

We offer the following special collections, carriage prepaid, for \$5.00 or one-half for \$3. By express, not prepaid, each collection \$4.00 or any one-half \$2.25. Or all four collections, 84 ferns in all, \$15.00. Any one Fern for 50 cents.

You can order by number and say one or one-half collection and we will make no mistake. We have these ferns dormant almost to July 1st.

No. 1—General collection of the three varieties that have given universal satisfaction under all conditions anywhere, 8 Ostrich Plume, 4 Osmunda Claytoniana, 8 Lady Ferns.

No. 2—Special for dry, shady places, 10 Dagger Fern, 6 Hayscented, 6 Claytoniana.

No. 3—For moist, shady places, 4 Maiden Hair, 4 Christmas Fern, 4 Ostrich Plums, 4 Cinnamon, 4 Lady Fern.

No. 4—For wet ground—4 Marsh Shield Fern, 10 Sensitive Fern, 6 Royal Fern, 4 Clintoniana.

NOTICE: Allow from one to two weeks' time on all orders for Ferns.



ANNUAL FLOWERING PLANTS

FOR WINDOW BOXES AND BEDDING PURPOSES

Annual flowering plants complete their growth the first season, thus giving quicker results than many of the perennials and generally at lower cost. For these reasons they are especially desirable when planting a place that is rented for a short period. The taller kinds may be used in the place of shrubbery around the house, thus tying the building to the ground. Many of the Annual Plants such as Zinnias are very effective when used as a low hedge. When used in the more or less formal garden care should be taken to have the colors of the blossoms harmonize.

If the plants are being grown for cut flowers only, they should be planted in rows about two feet apart and each plant given plenty of room, good cultivation and an ample supply of moisture. Large flowers cannot be produced in a crowded and neglected garden. A garden of this kind is generally

placed at the rear of the yard and is often secluded by shrubbery.

Our bedding plants are grown in flats and in pots. Flat grown plants, or in other words, plants grown in shallow boxes are very good plants and will give satisfaction if properly handled; but there is more danger of wilting at time of transplanting. Select short stocky plants rather than the tall, thin kind if you want the best results. Flat grown plants are easier to handle and take care of than pot grown plants while they are in the greenhouse and in the cold frames; consequently they are sold at a lower price than the latter.

Many people prefer plants grown in pots because there is less danger of them wilting when they are transplanted. In most cases our pot grown plants are of the better varieties or in separate colors.

AGERATUM

Ageratum is one of the best bedding plants, growing about 1 to 1½ ft. high. It is also suitable for window boxes. The flowers are light blue, do not fade and are not spoiled by rain.

Flat grown plants from seed: 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Plants from cuttings, 3¾ inch pots. Each 20 cents; 6 for \$1.00.

ALYSSUM (Sweet)

Sweet Alyssum is a dwarf growing plant, covering the ground with a carpet of very small white flowers. It is an excellent border plant. If some of the seed pods are removed the plant will continue to bloom until very late in the fall.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents;

Plants from 2½ inch pots, in blossom; each 5 cents; 6 for 25 cents.

ANTIRRHINUM (Snapdragon)

Snapdragons have become very popular the past few years, and are one of the finest plants for cut flowers. We are growing semi-tall varieties, which

grow about 18 inches high.

Flat grown plants, mixed colors only, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Plants of following varieties from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.00.

CANARY BIRD—Yellow.

FIREBRAND—Orange Scarlet.

GLORIA—Rich deep rose.

MELROSE—Salmon pink.

ARCTOTIS GRANDIS (African Daisy)

This variety of African Daisy grows from 2 to 3 feet high. The flowers are white on top, purple beneath, and close up toward evening. The blooms will last about a week as cut flowers, but should be avoided for evening decorations.

Flat grown plants; 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

ASTERS

Everybody admires Asters. They make a fine display when grown in masses. We are growing only the Giant Branching type as they are probably the hardest variety and resist disease better than many of the other varieties of Double Asters.

Flat grow plants, mixed colors only; 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Plants of following colors from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents, 12 for \$1.00.

Rose Pink
White

Lavender
Peach Blossom

IMPROVED ANEMONE FLOWERED ASTER
Flat grown plants, white or pink, 6 for 20 cents; 12 for 35 cents.

SINGLE MARGUERITE ASTERS

Plants strong and vigorous; good for cut flowers.

Flat grown plants, white, pink or red; 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

BELLIS (English Daisy)

The English Daisy is best grown as an Annual. It is a low growing plant and likes a shady place.

Flat grown plants, pink and white mixed, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

CALENDULA

Calendulas or Pot Marigolds are free blooming plants growing readily in any good garden soil. We have selected what we believe to be two of the best varieties for the use of our customers, namely Orange King and The Ball. The latter has longer stems and is more desirable for cutting.

Flat grown plants, Orange King only, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Pot grown plants, in bloom, 3¼ inch pots, each 25 cents.

CARNATIONS

The Margaret Carnations bloom the first season from seed.

Flat grown plants from seed of the Double Rose and Double Pink, 6 for 15 cents 12 for 25 cents.

CELOSIA (Coxcomb)

PRESIDENT THIERS—Dwarf habit with bronze foliage, and bright crimson combs.

PLUMOSA COCCINEA—Two feet. The crimson flowers resemble ostrich plumes.

Pot grown plants only; each 20 cents; 6 for \$1.

ANNUAL CHRYSANTHEMUM

They produce many daisy-like flowers in attractive shades and color combinations. The blossoms keep well after being cut. Single varieties in mixed colors.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

CINERARIA (Dusty Miller)

These white leaved plants are fine for borders and general bedding purposes. Grown for their beautiful, downy, silvery foliage.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

COLEUS

The Coleus is grown for its colored leaves rather than for the flowers. It is one of the finest plants for window boxes. We have several varieties.

Large plants from 3¼ inch pots; each 25 cents. Smaller plants at lower prices.

COBEA (Cathedral Bells)

A rapidly growing vine, suitable for window boxes. Flowers, rose purple and shell shaped. Leaves small.

Plants in 3¼ inch pots, each 25 cents.

COSMOS

A late summer and fall blooming plant. Blooms suitable for cut flowers. Leaves very fine. A good plant to use as a background for other plants or to hide unsightly fences and places. Early flowering mammoth in mixed colors only.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

DELPHINIUM (Larkspur)

The improved Giant Hyacinth Flowered Annual Larkspur is an especially desirable plant for cut flowers. It grows about 3 feet tall. The graceful spikes of bloom continue until very late in the fall. In mixed colors only.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

DIANTHUS (Annual Pinks)

The Annual Pinks grow about one foot high and produce a great many double flowers which are suitable for cut flowers. Mixed colors only.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

EUPHORBIA (Snow on the Mountain)

Snow on the Mountain is grown for its striking foliage which is light green edged with white. It offers a striking contrast with other plants. Growing about three feet high. It is used in making bouquets.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

GERANIUMS

There is no better plant for beds, window boxes or cemetery use than the Geraniums. All our Geranium plants are continuous bloomers, many of the larger plants bearing two to four large blooms at a time. We have taken care to select our plants from only good stock.

Colors: red, pink, salmon and white.

Pot grown plants only; each 10 cents to 35 cents, depending upon size and age.

Green and White Leaved Geranium, used for borders, from 3 inch pots. Each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.00.

GODEIA

We had some plants of Godita in our trial beds the past season and were very well pleased with them and recommend them as desirable plants for cut flowers. Grow in a rather poor soil and do not use any fertilizer. Cut before fully open.

Flat grown plants (double rose); 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

GOLDEN FEATHER

As its name indicates Golden Feather has a yellow foliage. The plant is used in borders and edges. We have seen it used as edgings to Geranium beds in some of the parks in St. Paul. It is a tender perennial but is best grown as an annual.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

LOBELIA

This desirable plant grows about six inches tall and is covered with small blue flowers the entire season. May be used for ribbon bedding, edgings and general bedding.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Plants from small pots, each 5 cents; 12 for 50 cents.

MARIGOLD (African and French)

The Marigolds are old time favorites. Their bright yellow blooms may be used as cut flowers. They do best in a sunny location. The African Marigolds sometimes reach 5 feet in height while the French type are dwarfs, about 1 foot.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

NIGELLA (Love in the Mist)

Nigella proved very satisfactory in our trial garden. The leaves are very fine; flowers blue. The curious looking seed pods in shades of green and brown, when dried are suitable for winter bouquets and baskets.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Nicotiana (Sweet Scented Tobacco)

The Nicotianas are grown especially for their sweet perfume. Easily grown. Flowers open toward evening. Two varieties, white and red.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

PANSY

The Pansy is a great favorite with most lovers of flowers. It appeals to personal feeling and is an inspiration to the gardener.

Our Pansies are grown from one of the best strains of seed and are sure to give satisfaction. All plants are transplanted and in bloom. Mixed colors, dozen 40 cents, 2 dozen for 75 cents.

PENTSTEMON SENSATION (RED BEARDED TONGUE)

We are growing this variety of Pentstemon as an annual because it has not proved hardy in our tests. It produces large spikes of red and white flowers.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

PETUNIA

Petunias are excellent for mass bedding, borders and window boxes. Even the dwarf sorts listed below are fine for window boxes.

Single, small flowering sorts, mixed colors, for general bedding purposes.

Flat grown plants, mixed colors, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Single Small flowered dwarf varieties, all grown in 3 inch pots and in blossom (after May 15).

IMPROVED ROSY MORN—Pink with white centers.

ROSE OF HEAVEN—Pink.

SNOWBALL—White.

ALDERMAN—Dark blue.

Each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.00.

BALCONY PETUNIAS FOR WINDOW BOXES, in blue, rose, white and red.

Plants from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents; 6 for 50 cents.

Other Varieties of Petunias grown in pots.

ROYAL PURPLE—Each 15 cents.

HOWARD'S STAR—Each 10 cents.

PINK GLORY—Each 20 cents.

RUFFLED GIANTS—Each 20 cents.

PHLOX DRUMMONDI (Annual)

One of the best bedding plants. Each plant bears many blossoms. Desirable for cut flowers. In mixed colors only.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

RICINUS (Castor Bean)

Strong growing plants 6-8 ft. high; suitable for center plants. Leaves purple, changing to a bronze green; seed spikes rosy crimson.

Pot grown plants, each 25 cents.

SALPIGLOSSIS

A very attractive annual with tube shaped blossoms.

Flat grown plants, mixed colors, 6 for 15 cents, 12 for 25 cents.

Pot grown plants of the following, each 10 cents, 12 for \$1.00.

VELVETY RED.

PURPLE AND GOLD.

ROSE AND GOLD.

GOLDEN YELLOW.

SALVIA

Nearly everyone knows Salvia, the favorite plant for fall with its spikes of bright red flowers.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Plants from 3 inch pots (a better variety than the above), each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.00.

STOCKS

Dwarf large flowering, 10 weeks. Mixed colors only.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

SCABIOSA

A very popular garden plant. Some people claim that it will take the place of Asters, as it is less subject to disease. The blooms have long stems and keep well after being cut.

Flat grown plants, mixed colors, 6 for 15 cents, 12 to 25 cents. Named varieties from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.

AZURE FAIRY—Blue.

CHERRY RED.

PEACH BLOSSOM

WHITE.

ROSE FAIRY.

TRITOMA (Red Hot Poker)

Tritoma is generally considered as a perennial, but it has not proved hardy with us. We have been informed that if planted very early it will bloom the first year. Plants grow 3-4 feet high and have bright red flowers.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

VERBENA

The Verbena is a fine plant for beds, borders or window boxes. Our plants are grown from one of the best strains of Verbena seed.

Flat grown plants, mixed colors, 6 for 15 cents, 12 for 25 cents.

Plants from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents; 12 for \$1.

ZINNIA

This popular flower needs no description. It is suitable for borders or beds. We are growing three choice classes, Giant Flowered, Dahlia Flowered, and a dwarf type.

Giant Flowered, mixed colors only, flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

Dahlia Flowered, blooms larger than in the Giant Flowered.

Named varieties only:—

Crimson Monarch.	Golden State.
Oriole.	Exquisite. Rose.
Old Rose	Polar Bear.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 20 cents; 12 for 40 cents. Plants from 3 inch pots, each 10 cents.

Dwarf Type—1 ft. high. Flowers scarlet and about 1 inch across. A fine border or edging plant.

Flat grown plants, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

ANNUAL EVERLASTINGS (STRAWFLOWERS)

HELICHRYSUM—The most popular everlasting. Daisy or Aster-like flowers. In the following colors: yellow, red, rose and white.

XERANTHEMUM—A pretty everlasting, bearing an abundance of rose, purple and white flowers.

STATICE—Sometimes called the California Strawflower. We have grown it in our gardens successfully for a number of years. Colors, yellow, rose, and blue.

Prices for above Strawflowers, 6 for 15 cents; 12 for 25 cents.

PERENNIAL EVERLASTINGS

BABY'S BREATH No. 7030.

SEA HOLLY No. 6910.

CHINESE LANTERN No. 7540.

CONE FLOWER No. 7670.

BASKET OF GOLD No. 6100.

DRIED FLOWERS

Next fall we will have a limited supply of various kinds of Dried Flowers for winter bouquets and baskets.

VEGETABLE PLANTS

WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS ROOTS

Nearly every one wants a small Asparagus bed in his garden. Washington Asparagus is free from the dreaded disease known as rust, and is now the leading variety. Twenty-five plants will give enough shoots for an ordinary family. Plant them 2 feet apart each way. Three year old roots, dozen 35 cents; 2 dozen for 65 cents. Extra large selected roots, dozen 50 cents.

MARY WASHINGTON ASPARAGUS ROOTS

The Mary Washington strain of the Washington Asparagus is considered superior to the ordinary strains. The seeds from which our plants of this strain were grown was selected from our own field of Asparagus, which produces a wonderful crop of large shoots. Two year old plants, dozen 35 cents; selected roots, dozen 50 cents.

RHUBARB ROOTS

Every home garden should have one or two plants of Rhubarb. Large roots (divisions) of a good red variety; each, 50 cents.

CABBAGE (EARLY VARIETIES)

GOLDEN ACRE—The best early cabbage, transplanted plants, grown in hot-beds, but well hardened, ready May 1. Dozen 20 cents; 2 dozen 35 cents.

RED CABBAGE—Dozen 15 cents; 2 dozen for 25 cents.

(LATE VARIETIES)

DANISH BALL HEAD—2 dozen for 15 cents; 100 plants for 50 cents.

CAULIFLOWER

Early, started in hot beds, transplanted, and well hardened. Needs rich ground. Ready May 20. Dozen 20 cents.

CELERY

GOLDEN SELF-BLANCHING—Transplanted, Dozen, 20 cents; 100 for \$1.25.

CELERIAC

ROOT CELERY. Used for flavoring soups, or may be cut very fine and used in salads. Some people like it cut into small cubes, boiled and served with white sauce. Same price as Celery.

EGG PLANT

Egg Plant is not nearly as popular as it should be probably because very few people know how to serve it. Try this recipe.

Peel and slice one medium sized egg plant. Boil in slightly salted water until tender. Drain and squeeze out all water. When cool add four crackers rolled fine and one egg. Salt and pepper to taste. Beat all together, make into patties and fry brown in butter and lard. Serve hot.

Transplanted plants, dozen 25 cents.

KOHL RABI

Seedlings. Dozen 10 cents; 3 dozen for 25 cents.

PEPPERS

LARGE SWEET PEPPERS—Suitable for stuffing and salads.

HOT PEPPERS—For flavoring.

Transplanted plants, dozen 20 cents; 2 dozen for 35 cents.

TOMATOES

All plants transplanted and well hardened.

EARLIANA—We have a good strain of Earliana, the best early tomato.

MARGLOLE—The new variety of tomato that excels all other medium season tomatoes. Fewer seeds than most varieties.

PONDEROSA or Beefsteak Tomato—A large meaty tomato liked by many people.

GOLDEN QUEEN—A large yellow tomato.

YELLOW PLUM—Small plum shaped tomatoes.

Any of the above, dozen 25 cents; 100 plants for \$1.75.

Pot grown plants to order only. Must be ordered with cash payment before April 15.

HERBS

Parsley, Thyme, Sweet Marjoram, Sage, Summer Savory. Each kind, 6 for 15 cents.

ILLUSTRATED AND DESCRIPTIVE PRICE LIST

OUR TEN BEST HARDY PLANTS FOR CUT FLOWERS

Columbine	Gaillardia
Boltonia	Phlox
Shasta Daisies	Bearded Tongue
Larkspurs	Scabiosa
Coreopsis	Painted Daisy

HARDY PLANTS FOR SHADY PLACES

Bleeding Heart	Anchusa
Rosy Milfoil	Lily of the Valley
Violas	Canterbury Bells
Monkshood	Harebell

HARDY PLANTS FOR GRAVES

Pinks	Gaillardia
White Daisy	Painted Daisy
Bearded Tongue	Chinese Larkspur
Shasta Daisy	Butterfly Larkspur
Snow in Summer	Hybrid Sweet William
Coreopsis	Peonies
Forget-Me-Nots	Phlox

PLANTS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERIES (HARDY PLANTS)

Basket of Gold	Thalictrums
Columbine	Baby Breath
Rock Cress	Iceland Poppy
Dwarf Larkspur	Bearded Tongue
White Daisy	Violas
Pinks	Sedums
Candytuft	Phlox Subulata
Plumy Bleeding Heart	Hardy Marguerite
Harebells	Peach Bells
Corn Flower	Euphorbia



(ANNUALS)

Ageratum	Larkspur
Alyssum	Pinks
Marguerite Asters	Cosmos
English Daisy	Dusty Miller
Golden Feather	Lobelia
Nigella	Red Bearded Tongue
Petunia	Phlox
Verbena	Dwarf Zinnias

HARDY BLUE FLOWERS

6020 Monkshood	6910 Sea Holly
6121 Anchusa	7280 Flax
6161 Columbine	7315 Lupines
6280 Baptisia	7470 Bearded Tongue
6341 Canterbury Bells	7560 Balloon Flower
6345 Harebell	7721 Scabiosa
6360 Peach Bells	7960 Speedwell
6430 Corn Flower	7990 Blue Violas
6650 Larkspur	

HARDY WHITE FLOWERS

6012 The Pearl	6667 Larkspur
6180 Rock Cress	6706 White Garden Pink
6346 White Harebell	6750 White Sweet William
6460 Snow in Summer	7313 Lupines
6575 Shasta Daisy	7322 White Maltese Cross
6590 White Daisy	7647 Giant Daisy
6591 Hartje and Elder Daisy	7990 White Violas
6630 Lily of the Valley	

HARDY PINK FLOWERS

6011 Rosy Milfoil	7110 Coral Bells
6163 Columbine	7123 Hibiscus
6312 Pink Boltonia	7134 Hollyhocks
6343 Canterbury Bells	



6470 Turtle Head	7312 Lupine
6704 Glove Pink	7640 Painted Daisy
6705 Cliff Pink	7670 Purple Cone
6752 Sweet William	Flower
6801 Bleeding Heart Phlox

HARDY YELLOW FLOWERS

6100 Basket of Gold	7430 Iceland Poppy
6101 Madwort	7671 Yellow Cone
6140 Hardy Marguerite	Flower
6162 Columbine	7675 Golden Glow
6630 Coreopsis	7990 Yellow Viola
7041 Sneezeweed	

HARDY RED FLOWERS

6725 Hybrid Sweet William	6777 Sweet Williams
6960 Gaillardia	7131 Hollyhocks
(Red and Yellow)	7331 Maltese Cross
	7441 Oriental Poppy

THIS COUPON GOOD FOR 50 CENTS

COUPON when presented at time of making purchase (at our Nursery only) will be accepted for FIFTY CENTS on any order amounting to \$5.00 or more.

NAME ADDRESS

PERKINS BROTHERS—STILLWATER ROAD (1 MILE from ST. PAUL)—Phone To 68945

18 Choice Perennials for \$2.50

Send us \$2.50 and we will send you any one of the following collections of plants by express.

- A. 18 PERENNIAL PLANTS SUITABLE FOR CUT FLOWERS.
- B. 18 RED FLOWERED PLANTS.
- C. 18 PINK FLOWERED PLANTS.
- D. 18 BLUE FLOWERED PLANTS.
- E. 18 YELLOW FLOWERED PLANTS.
- F. 18 PERENNIAL PLANTS SUITABLE FOR ROCKERIES.

10 Dozen Annuals for \$2.00

Send us \$2.00 and we will send you 10 DOZEN ANNUAL PLANTS SUITABLE FOR GENERAL BEDDING PURPOSES.

IF WANTED BY PARCEL POST ADD 40 CENTS FOR POSTAGE AND PACKING.

It plants become infected with aphids (plant lice) spray them with a solution of water and tobacco extract such as Black Leaf or Nicofume.

For insects that eat the foliage spray with a solution of water and Paris Green or arsenate of lead.



YOU CAN GET NURSERY STOCK FROM US

We are authorized representatives of one of the large nurseries in Minnesota and can obtain Shrubs, Apple and Plum Trees, Raspberry Strawberry and other small fruit plants for any of our Customers. Allow us from one to two weeks to fill these orders.



Millions and millions of dollars have been added to the value and the salability of Twin City homes by just such simple planting as is showing above. No one can afford not to beautify their home grounds. The vogue may reserve the front yard largely for lawn and shrubs, but your old friends and favorites will thrive for you and reciprocate your care and love in the privacy and friendliness of your back yard.

ALFRED G. PERKINS

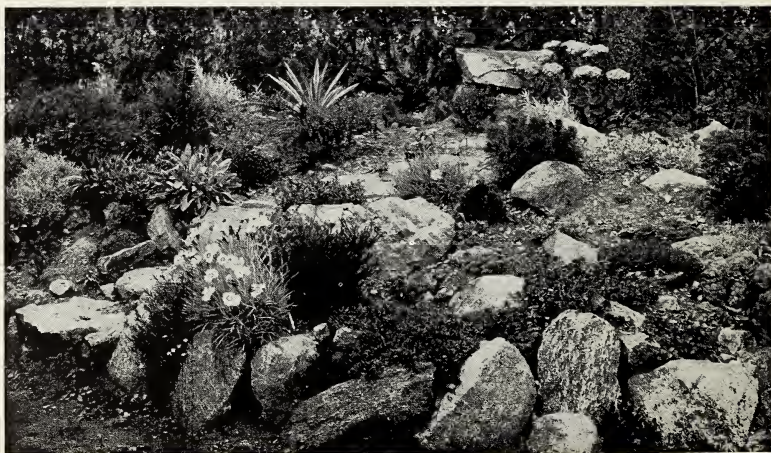
C. EDWARD PERKINS

PERKINS BROTHERS

GARDENS:—ST. PAUL, STILLWATER ROAD (Highway 45), RAMSEY COUNTY, MINN.
5½ Miles From St. Paul Court House

Telephone To 68945

PLEASE NOTE:—That while Our Postoffice Address is North St. Paul, Customers Desiring to Visit Our Gardens Do Not Go There to Find Us, But Follow Route Indicated Above.



Rock Gardens are becoming increasingly popular with flower lovers. Informal Rock Gardens can be laid out in so small a space as a city lot. They give plenty of opportunity for all your ingenuity, and very unusual effects may often be rather easily obtained.